Claims

We claim:

1	1. A method for suppressing or inhibiting IgE production, said method comprising
2	administering an effective amount of a type I interferon, or a biologically active mutein,
3	fragment, variant or peptide thereof.
1	2. The method according to claim 1, wherein said type I interferon is selected from
2	the group consisting of IFN α , IFN β , IFN τ and IFN ω .
1	3. The method according to claim 2, wherein said type I interferon is IFNτ.
1	4. The method according to claim 1, wherein said type I interferon is a chimeric IFN
2	comprising part of at least two IFNs selected from the group consisting of IFN α , IFN β , IFN τ
3	and IFN ω .
1	5. The method according to claim 4, wherein said chimeric IFN comprises a
2	mammalian IFNτ amino terminus and a human type I IFN carboxy terminus other than IFNτ.
1	6. The method according to claim 5, wherein said mammalian IFN τ amino terminus
2	is from a mammal selected from the group consisting of primate, ovine and bovine.
1	7. The method according to claim 5, wherein said chimeric IFN comprises amino

8. The method according to claim 7, wherein said IFN α is IFN α D.

acid residues from about 1 to about 27 of ovine IFNt and amino acid residues from about 28

to about 166 of human IFN α .

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mutein, fragment, variant or peptide thereof, which is capable of suppressing or inhibiting

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- IgE production, wherein said chimeric IFN comprises part of at least two IFNs selected from
 the group consisting of IFNα, IFNτ and IFNω.
 - 17. The composition according to claim 16, wherein said suppression or inhibition of IgE production occurs through inhibition of B-cell IgE secretion or inhibition of B-cell proliferation.
 - 18. The composition according to claim 16, wherein said chimeric IFN comprises a mammalian IFNτ amino terminus and a human type I IFN carboxy terminus other than IFNτ.
 - 19. The composition according to claim 18, wherein said mammalian IFNτ amino terminus is from a mammal selected from the group consisting of primate, ovine and bovine.
 - 20. The composition according to claim 18, wherein said chimeric IFN comprises amino acid residues from about 1 to about 27 of ovine IFNτ and amino acid residues from about 28 to about 166 of human IFNα.
 - 21. The composition according to claim 20, wherein said IFN α is IFN α D.
- 1 22. The composition according to claim 16, wherein said chimeric IFN is recombinantly produced and is expressed in *Pichia pastoris*.
 - 23. A polynucleotide that encodes the chimeric IFN of claim 16.
- 24. A method for suppressing or inhibiting IL-4 production, said method comprising
 contacting an immune cell with a type I interferon, or a biologically active mutein, fragment,
 variant or peptide thereof.

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